





Real time monitoring

of the production process of valuable microalgaes and additives

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Objective

Real time monitoring of the algae production process

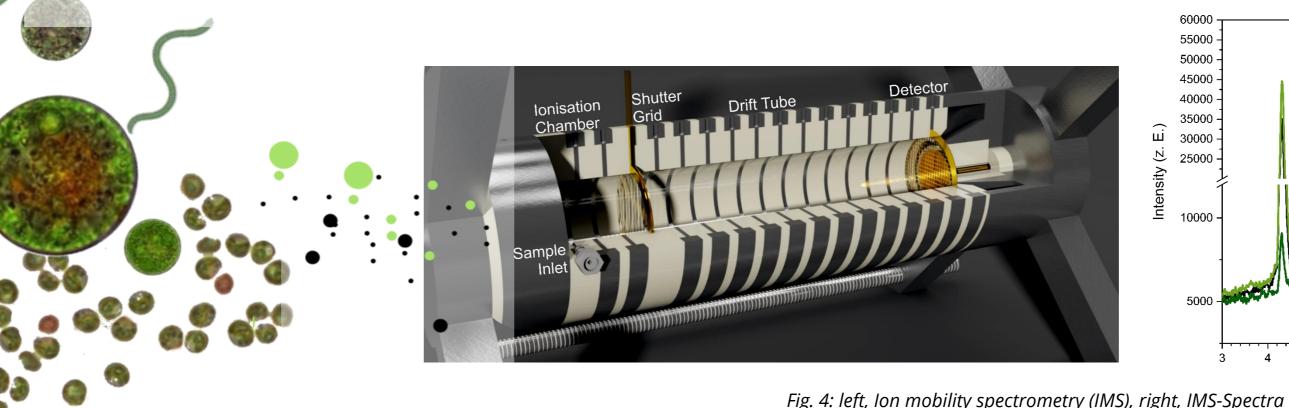
• Ion mobility spectrometry (IMS) used to characterize biotechnological processes

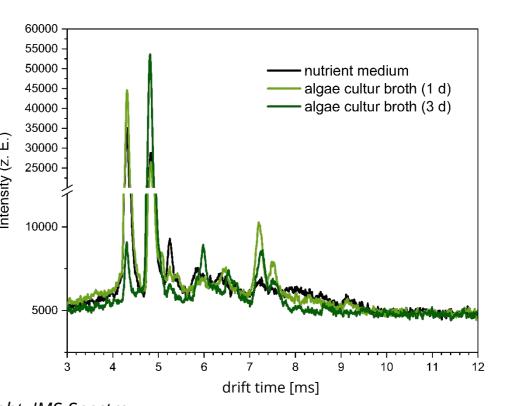
Rapid **at-line** for GMP¹-certified monitoring

SMELLMASTER®2 (IFU GMBH, Frankenberg) - a mobile IMS-device which operates under ambient pressure

Good Manufacturing Practice







Strategy

Can you smell the algae?

Measurement of the volatile compounds

Challenges

- High water content in headspace
- Water inhibits the ionization of the target molecule
- → Integration of an PDMS-Membrane-Inlet
- → Optimization of the experimental set up

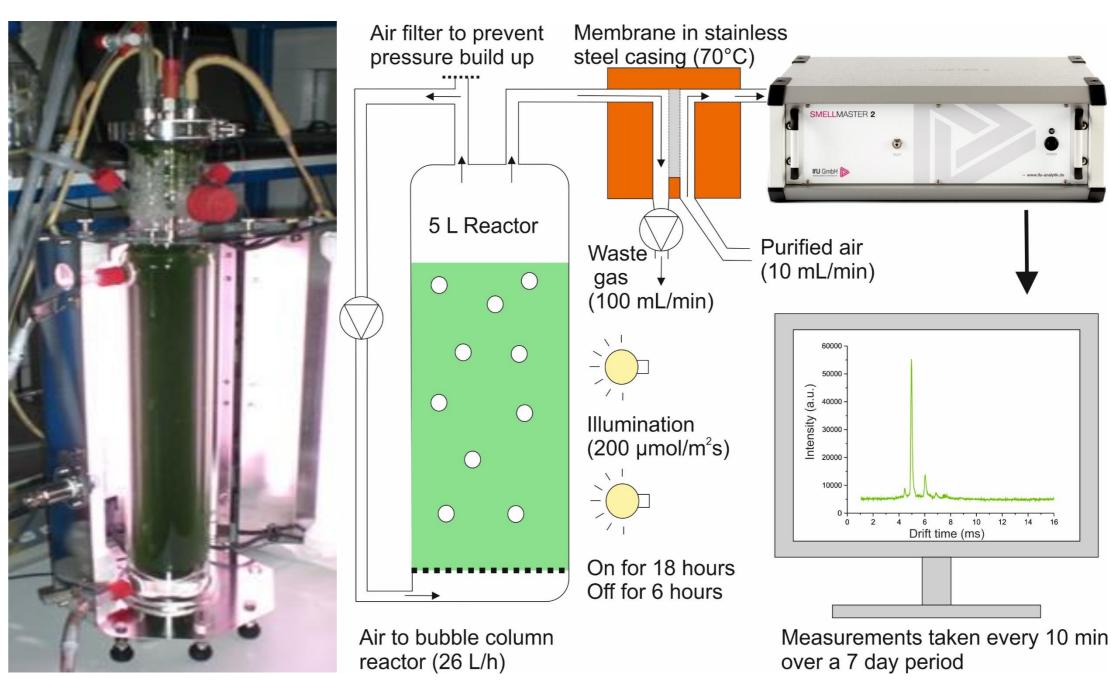


Fig. 5: Experimental set-up of ion mobility spectrometry (SMELLMASTER®) to measure the volatiles of an algae culture

Results

- Volatile algae-associated substances can be measured directly online and continuously with IMS
- IMS-signal correlates with biomass growth and light-dark cycles (Fig. 6)
- Stable and characteristic IMS-signal
- IMS-signal is influenced by cell death

For information on IMS measurements in combination with electrospray ionization (ESI), please contact the authors...

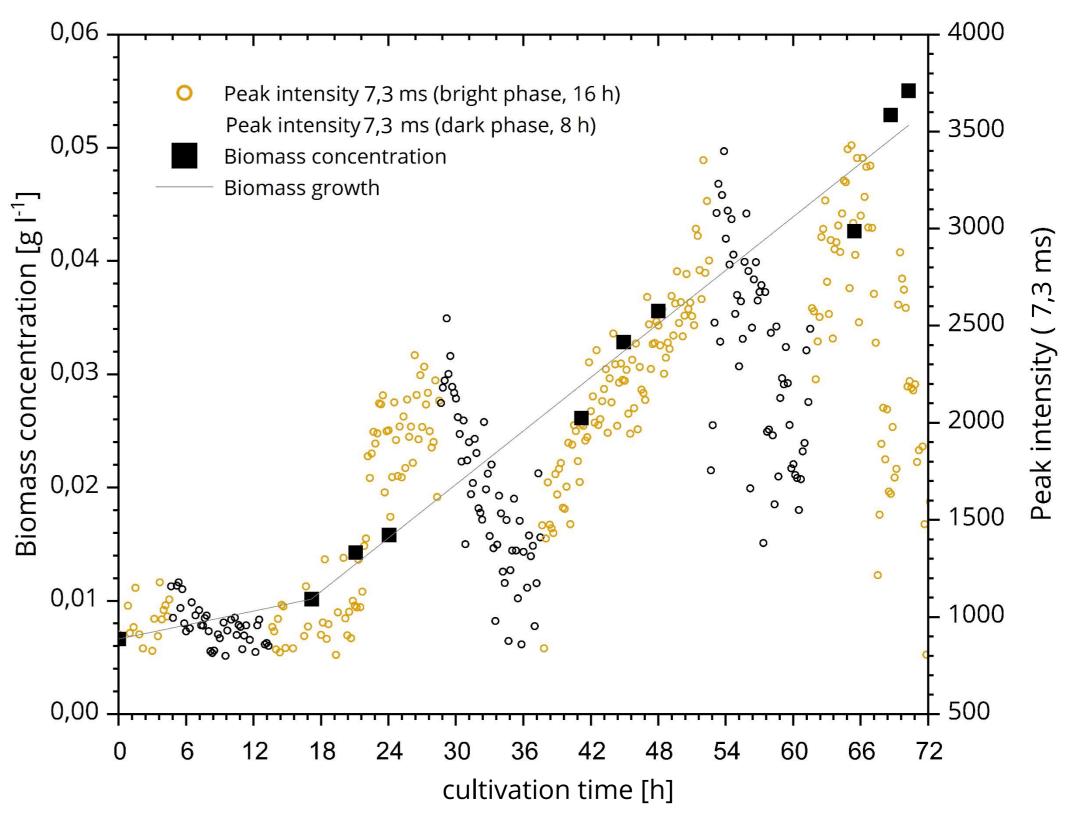


Fig. 6: Biomass concentration (A. Platensis) and the Intensity of the IMS-Spectra Peak (drift time 7,3 ms) over the cultivation time





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